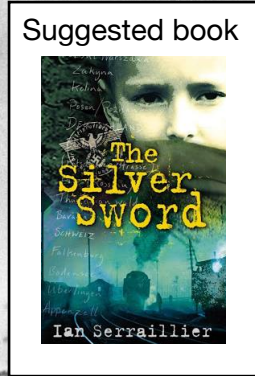
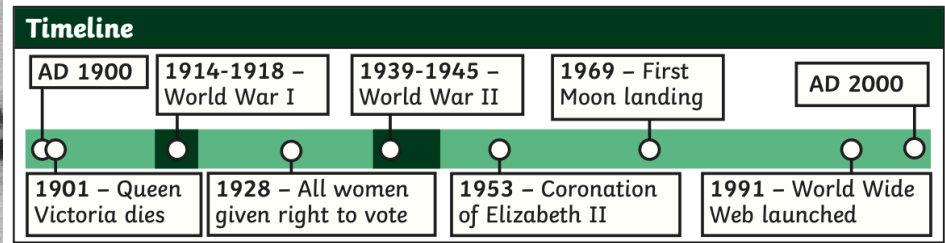


# Year 5 - World War 2 - Summer Term



Key Vocabulary	
<b>Allies</b>	The United Kingdom, France and Poland, later joined by other countries, including the USSR (Soviet Union), the United States of America and China.
<b>atomic bomb</b>	A very high-energy bomb made of radioactive material.
<b>Axis</b>	The <b>Axis</b> Powers were originally Germany, Japan and Italy. Other countries joined them later.
<b>evacuation</b>	When people have to leave a dangerous area and move to a safer place.
<b>Nazi party</b>	A German political party with racist and anti-Jewish ideas, led by Adolf Hitler.
<b>persecution</b>	When a group of people are targeted and treated in a cruel or unfair way, such as changing laws to punish them or imprisoning them unfairly.
<b>rationing</b>	To limit how much of something people can have, such as food and fuel.

Key Events		
1939	1 <sup>st</sup> September	German troops invade Poland.
	3 <sup>rd</sup> September	Britain and France declare war on Germany.
1940	10 <sup>th</sup> May	The Battle of France begins.
	26 <sup>th</sup> May	<b>Allied</b> forces are evacuated from Dunkirk in France.
	10 <sup>th</sup> July	The Battle of Britain begins.
	7 <sup>th</sup> September	The Blitz begins.
1941	22 <sup>nd</sup> June	Germany invades the USSR (Soviet Union).
	7 <sup>th</sup> December	Japan bombs Pearl Harbor in the US.
1943	16 <sup>th</sup> and 17 <sup>th</sup> May	The Dambusters bombing raid is carried out.
1944	6 <sup>th</sup> June	The D-Day landings.
1945	7 <sup>th</sup> May	Germany surrenders to the <b>Allies</b> .
	6 <sup>th</sup> and 9 <sup>th</sup> August	The US drops <b>atomic bombs</b> on two cities in Japan.

### Rationing

Supply ships were targeted by German bombers and it was necessary to conserve as much food as possible.

**A ration book**

**Rationing** meant that each person was only allowed a fixed amount of foods. Ration books were issued, with coupons that showed people how much of each item they were allowed. Shopkeepers would remove or stamp the coupons when they were used.

### The Holocaust

The Holocaust was a period of time during the Second World War when millions of people were **persecuted** and killed in Europe. The majority of the people who suffered during the Holocaust were of Jewish heritage and faith. Other groups were targeted too, including members of the LGBTQ+ community and disabled people. It is thought that over 10 million people died during the Holocaust. This is known as genocide.

On 27<sup>th</sup> January each year, the Holocaust is commemorated on Holocaust Memorial Day.

## How Did the Second World War Begin?

The leader of Germany, Adolf Hitler, had plans to take over other countries. In March 1938, Germany invaded and annexed Austria, which made other countries worried. On 30<sup>th</sup> September 1938, British, French, German and Italian leaders signed a treaty which allowed Hitler to annex the Sudetenland (an area of Czechoslovakia) if he agreed not to invade anywhere else. However, Hitler broke the agreement, first invading the rest of Czechoslovakia and then Poland on 1<sup>st</sup> September. The **Allies** (Britain, France and Poland) had made a pact to support each other, so Britain and France declared war on Germany.

## Evacuation

During the Second World War, over 3.5 million children, some of their teachers and helpers, mothers with very young children, pregnant women and people with disabilities were **evacuated** from the cities to the countryside. It was believed they would be safer here from bombing as cities were more likely to be bombed during the Blitz.



## The Role of Women

Before the war, most women stayed at home and did not go out to work. Some women worked but their choice of job was limited, such as nursing or working as a shop assistant. However, when men went to war, women were needed to take on jobs such as making weapons, driving buses and trains or working in engineering or shipbuilding. Some joined the armed forces themselves. After the war, many women lost their jobs. However, their experiences led them to campaign for equal working rights and pay so that they could continue to lead more independent lives.

## To know statements



I know why World War II began.

I know the order of key events from early WW2.

I know what it must have been like to be an evacuee.

I know how people's diets were different during World War II and answer questions about the implementation of rationing.

I know what type of jobs women did during World War II.

I know what the Holocaust was and describe some events that happened.

What can you remember from previous work?

- How did cinema change over the 20th century?
- How lives were different in the 60s from now.
- How television and other technologies changed lives over the 20th century.

Anything else you have learnt?  
What have you enjoyed?



